Coaty A Framework for Collaborative IoT

Siemens Technology Research



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Market shows a clear trend towards systems collaborating independently and autonomously as self-organizing system of systems





Demand of collaborative smart autonomous systems identified across all major industrial domains



Autonomous Agents and Things Over the next five years we will evolve to a post-app world, with intelligent agents delivering dynamic and contextual actions and interfaces.

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Most prominent autonomous 'Systems' acting as 'System of Systems' Interacting and collaborating humans





Designing a collaboration framework for smart autonomous systems



Coaty - The framework for collaborative IoT



Implementation of interaction and communication foundation for smart autonomous systems in distributed, decentralized applications



Provides **software framework** for **data-centric agent interaction** with loosely coupled systems, any-to-any communication, and smooth **handling** of **asynchronous events**





5 Open Source framework powered by Siemens (https://coaty.io)





High-level system design Collaborative application based on Coaty







Coaty – Communication foundation Loose coupling of systems and data centric paradigm





Coaty – Communication event patterns for system interaction

One-way communication

Two-way request-response communication

Advertise

 an object: multicast an object to parties interested in objects of a specific core or object type.

Deadvertise

 an object by its unique ID: notify subscribers when capability is no longer available; for abnormal disconnection, last will concept can be implemented by sending this event.

Channel

 Multicast objects to parties interested in any type of objects delivered through a channel with a specific channel identifier.

Associate

 Used by IO routing internally to dynamically associate / disassociate IO sources with IO actors.

IoValue

 Send IO values from a publishing IO source to associated IO actors.

Discover – Resolve

 Discover an object and/or related objects by external ID, unique ID, or object type, and receive responses by Resolve events.

Query - Retrieve

 Query objects by specifying selection and ordering criteria, receive responses by Retrieve events.

Update – Complete

 Request or suggest an object update and receive accomplishments by Complete events.

Call – Return

 Request execution of a remote operation and receive results by Return events.

Coaty object model An opinionated set of core object types to be used or extended by applications



Supports discovery, distribution, sharing, and persistence

- Objects consist of attribute-value pairs that model state but no behavior
- Objects are uniquely identified without central coordination by a Version 4 UUID
- Cross-component, cross-platform representation in JSON format
- Object types form a hierarchy defined by Interfaces
- Framework-supplied core object types are extensible by applications
- Communicated object shape is schema validated against interface definition
- Schemaless persistence in NoSQL and SQL data stores

Coaty event pattern example – Discover-Resolve "Discover information for an external ID encoded in a QR code"



Collaborative IoT applications Two examples

Dynamic Context-Based Information Routing



Dynamically associate information source and actors based on context information

Example Use Cases:

- Multi-device HMIs
- Information routing between collaborating machines in manufacturing
- Smart grid information routing based on physical reconfiguration

Resource Allocations in Resource Networks



Dynamic decentralized resource negotiation and allocation in distributed systems

Example Use Cases:

- Transport job negotiation of AGVs in selforganizing production and ware-house logistics with heterogeneous fleets
- Self organizing fleet management with a maximum of flexibility and scalability

Dynamic context-based information routing Coaty IO Routing



- Coaty agents can have any number of IoSource (Information Source) and IoActor (Information Consumer).
- IoSource and IoActor are part of a named shared, distributed IoContext.
- An IO Routing component manages information routing for one IoContext based on a rule engine; applicationdefined rules determine the association between IoSource and IoActor of the different agents.
- On IoContext state changes, the IO Routing component uses Coaty ASSOCIATE event pattern to update publication and subscription topics of IoSources and IoActors of the agents.

Note: Detailed implementation example available in Coaty 2.0 developer guides

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Resource allocations in resource networks Example: AGV transport task assignments



Self-organizing fleet management



Coaty – How you get started





https://coaty.io

https://github.com/coatyio

